



What we do and why: the Knowledge Translation strategy

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Trusted evidence. Informed decisions. Better health.











Disclosure

ISICO (Italian Scientific Spine Institute): stock Director of Cochrane Rehabilitation

Medtronic: consultant

Janssen Pharmaceutical: advisory board

European Journal of Physical and Rehabilitation Medicine: congress expenses



The Know-Do Gap

High quality evidence is not consistently applied in practice¹

Examples in clinical practice:

- Statins decrease mortality and morbidity in post-stroke, but they are under-prescribed²
- Antibiotics are overprescribed in children with upper respiratory tract symptoms³

Examples in health system policies:

- Evidence is not frequently used by WHO⁵
- Out of 8 policymaking processes in Canada⁴
 - -Only 1 was fully based on research
 - -Other 3 were partially based on research
- Majumdar SR et al. From knowledge to practice in chronic cardiovascular disease: a long and winding road. J Am Coll Cardiol. 2004; 43(10):1738-42
 LaRosa JC et al. Effect of statins on the risk of coronary disease: a meta-analysis of randomized controlled trials. JAMA. 1999; 282(24): 2340-6
 Arnold S et al. Interventions to improve antibiotic prescribing practices in ambulatory care. Cochrane Database Syst Rev. 2005: CD003539
 - 4. Lavis J et al. Examining the role of health services research in public policy making. Milbank Q. 2002; 80(1): 125-54
 - 5. Oxman A et al. Use of evidence in WHO recommendations. Lancet. 2007; 369(9576): 1883-9.



Why there is the Know-Do Gap?

Evidence not focused on the end-users:¹

- Epidemiologically and methodologically focused
- Missing details on interventions and settings
- Lack of knowledge management skills and infrastructure²
- Individual health care professionals
 - -Volume of, and access to research evidence

-Time to read

- -Skills to appraise, understand and apply research evidence
- Health care teams (standards of care)
- Health care system and organization (finance and equipments)
- Patients (adherence and compliance)

1. Glenton C et al. Summaries of findings, descriptions of interventions, and information about adverse effects would make reviews more informative.

J Clin Epidemiol 2006; 59: 770-8.

2. Grimshaw JM et al. Changhing physician's behavior: what works and thoughts on getting more things to work. J Contin Educ Health Prof. 2002, 22(4): 237-43



Knowledge Translation

A dynamic and interactive process that includes the synthesis, dissemination, exchange, and ethically sound application of knowledge to improve health, provide more effective health services and products, and strengthen the health care system

Canadian Institute of Health Research¹

Dissemination and implementation, implementation science, research use, knowledge transfer and uptake/exchange²

1. Mc Kibbon KA et al. A cross sectional study of the number and frequency of terms used to refer to knowledge translation in a body of health literature in 2006: a tower of Babel ? Impl Sci. 2010; 5:16. 2. www.cihr-irsc.gc.ca/e/29418.html.



Knowledge to action framework



Graham ID et al. Lost in knowledge translation: time for a map ? J Contin Ed Health Prof. 2006; 26(11):13-24.



Knowledge creation

- Knowledge inquiry
- Primary research studies
- Knowledge synthesis
- Secondary research studies (systematic reviews)
- Knowledge Tools/products
- Guidelines
- Algorithms
- Messages for end-users



Graham ID et al. Lost in knowledge translation: time for a map ? J Contin Ed Health Prof. 2006; 26(11):13-24.



The Action Cycle (application)

Identify problem; identify, review, select knowledge Adapt knowledge to local context Access barriers – facilitation to knowledge use Select, tailor, implement interventions Monitor knowledge use Evaluate outcomes Sustain knowledge use



Graham ID et al. Lost in knowledge translation: time for a map? J Contin Ed Health Prof. 2006; 26(11):13-24.



Human behaviours to be considered

Repetitive behaviours

- They allow to free the brain for higher level thinking (diagnosis, prognosis)
- Nevertheless, they gradually drive to reduced quality
- Only regular checks allow to identify this loss of quality Resistence to change
- Individuals
- Organizations
- Systems





Implementation of evidence

Micro-level: individuals

- Surrender to evidence
- Use facilitators (clinical charts)
- Meso-level (organizations)
- EBM Continuous Quality Improvement groups
 - -Human and financial resources
 - -Specific thematic projects on a regular basis
- Macro-level (Health Systems)
- National guidelines and flow-charts
- Data collection
- Rewarding system





Take home messages

Adapting to evidence is a real work that requires:

- Acceptance of the evidence
- Reorganization of one's own work (individual or collective)
- Identification and overcoming of barriers
- Need of resources to make the change possible
- Sustainability in time
- And, most of all, willingness to change !





Action cycle for Cochrane Rehabilitation

Action cycle	Cochrane Rehabilitation action	Product
Identify problem	Check the actual Cochrane Evidence relevant to Rehabilitation Identify and help to solve the problems with evidence of the rehabilitation world	Director: prioritization of future Cochrane Reviews with Cochrane Reviews Groups Methodology Committee: surveys, discussion and position papers
Adapt knowledge to local context	 Comment Cochrane Reviews results for: clinicians students politicians, to be informed from a rehabilitation perspective 	Communication Committee: social media Pubblication Committee: Cochrane Corners in scientific journals, e-book
Access barriers – facilitation to knowledge use	Identify and collect all relevant Cochrane Reviews Prepare brief clinical summaries Diffuse the reviews Develop skills and knowledge in end-users Promote Evidence Based Clinical Practice	Reviews Committee: identification of reviews Communication Committee: web-site collection Publication Committee: Cochrane Corners and e- book Education Committee: courses
Select, tailor, implement interventions	Adapt Cochrane material for rehabilitation professionals Improve Cochrane methods to make them relevant to rehabilitation	All Committees as presented above
Monitor knowledge use	Check presence of Cochrane Reviews in Rehabilitation Guidelines and journals	Under development with Cochrane Central
Evaluate outcomes	Development of meaningful outcomes for the actions started	Under development with Cochrane Central
Sustain knowledge use	Support Evidence Based Clinical Practice in Rehabilitation	Education Committee: courses

Negrini S, Gimigliano F, Arienti C, Kiekens C. Knowledge Translation: the bridging function of Cochrane Rehabilitation. Arch Phys Med Rehabil. 2017 Dec 11. pii: S0003-9993(17)31396-5. doi: 10.1016/j.apmr.2017.11.002.







Different audiences



Consumers and the public

Those seeking health care, their families and carers, and the public



Practitioners

of health care including clinicians and public health practitioners



Policy-makers & healthcare managers

E

making decisions about health policy within all levels of management

Researchers &

Research Funders

who need information regarding important gaps in the evidence



Cochrane Knowledge Translation Strategy April 2017

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Cochrane

Cochrane Knowledge Translation Strategy April 2017

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Identify problem

Cochrane Rehabilitation action

- -Check the actual Cochrane Evidence relevant to Rehabilitation
- Identify and help to solve the problems with evidence of the rehabilitation world

Product

- -Methodology Committee
 - surveys
 - discussion and position papers











A think tank to help solving problems of EBM in PRM Already done:

- Two surveys on EBM problems in Rehabilitation
- One poster at the Global Evidence Summit
- First Cochrane Rehabilitation Corner paper in the European Journal of Physical and Rehabilitation Medicine (October 2017)

Yearly journal special issues and/or sections on methodology:

• First one in EJPRM after Catalyst 2-days Workshop before ISPRM Paris

Cochrane Rehabilitatio



Rehabilitation and Cochrane: a difficult relationship

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In the rehabilitation world, there is wide-spread diffidence towards Conchare Reviews and their results.

ccording to the World Health Organization (WHO), Rehabilitation is a set of measures that assist individuals, who experience or are likely to experience disability to achieve and maintain optimum functioning in interaction with their environments.



Rehabilitation aim: allowing participation through reduction of (mpairments (body damages) and <u>Activity imitations</u> (impossibility to perform «normal» activities of the human being), and control of <u>environment and personal factors</u>





Adapt knowledge to local context

Cochrane Rehabilitation action

- -Comment Cochrane Reviews results for:
 - clinicians
 - students
 - politicians, to be informed from a rehabilitation perspective

Product

- -Communication Committee
 - social media
- -Pubblication Committee
 - Cochrane Corners in scientific journals
 - e-book









Comunication Committee

Web-site: 4727 visits in 2017

Newsletter: 361subscribers

Twitter: 715 followers

Facebook: 1292 likes

U-tube channel: 28 videos with 58 visualizations on average

4 blogshots (1 per week since january 2018)



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Issue 1 | June 2017

Cochrane Rehabilitation was formally approved on October 22nd, 2016 and officially launched on December 16th, 2017.



Cochrane Rehabilitation Perspective



Role and function of Cochrane Rehabilitation





15/02/2018

Yoga for stroke rehabilitation

Q



Headquarter of Cochrane Rehabilitation in Italy



Rehabilitation Centre "E. Spalenza-Don Gnocchi", Largo Paolo VI, Rovato (Brescia), Italy



Twitter: @CochraneRehab

Facebook: CochraneRehab







Cochrane Corners

EUROPEAN JOURNAL OF PHYSICAL AND REHABILITATION MEDICINE

MEDITERRANEAN JOURNAL OF PHYSICAL AND REHABILITATION MEDICINE

EUROPA MEDICOPHYSICA

VOLUME 48 - No. 4 - DECEMBER 2012



Official Journal of Italian Society of Physical and Rehabilitation Medicine (SIMFER) European Society of Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation (ESPRM) opean Union of Medical Specialists – Physical and Rehabilitation Medicine Section (UEMS - PRM Mediterranean Forum of Physical and Rehabilitation Medicine (MFPRM) In association with International Society of Physical and Rehabilitation Medicine (ISPRM)

Archives of Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation

THE OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF



Improving lives through interdisciplinary rehabilitation research





January 2015

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Physical Medicine & Rehabilitation

Www.eddina.com



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- Lumboencrul Plexapetity and Petric Fractures.
- Point in Industry with Disabilities
- Spheroter Dyssynergia in Spheri Cord Injury
- Diumal Variation in Carpel Tunnel Synchrome
- Conservative Treatment of Procen Shoulder
- Borra Modets to Teach US-Galilod Injections

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Cochrane Rehabilitation e-book – 1

"Live" e-book available for free in Internet to be constantly updated

Titles, abstracts and plain language summaries

In collaboration with and funded by the European Bodies (Society, Academy, Section and Board)

Importance to PRM:

- inform evidence based practice (relevant to all European PRM Bodies)
- educate postgraduate PRM trainees (relevant to UEMS-PRM Board)
- support political actions toward policymakers, patients' associations and other stakeholders (relevant to UEMS-PRM Section and ESPRM)
- identify unmet needs of evidence synthesis and activate correct prioritization for future work of Cochrane (relevant to all European PRM Bodies)





Cochrane Rehabilitation e-book - 2

Ongoing effort (2 years to start)

- Definition of the **Summary** and the topics to browse the e-book
- Identification of all relevant Cochrane reviews
- Production of the summaries for different target audiences
 - -PRM physicians and other rehabilitation professionals, with ESPRM
 - -postgraduate PRM trainees and medical students, with UEMS Board
 - -politicians, with UEMS Section
 - -consumers, with Cochrane
- Translation into different languages
- Publication
- Continuous updating







Access barriers – facilitation to knowledge use

Cochrane Rehabilitation action

- Identify and collect all relevant Cochrane Reviews
- Prepare brief clinical summaries
- -Diffuse the reviews
- Develop skills and knowledge in end-users
- -Promote Evidence Based Clinical Practice







Access barriers – facilitation to knowledge use

Product

- -Reviews Committee
 - identification of reviews
- -Communication Committee
 - web-site collection
- -Publication Committee
 - Cochrane Corners
 - e-book
- -Education Committee
 - courses







Reviews Committee

Tagging rules document

Tagging database using "Knack" online software

All Cochrane Reviews since 2015 have been double-checked, with single check starting from 2012

Ongoing tagging process to tag all Cochrane database











10/2016 Seoul Cochrane Colloquium: Presentation & Poster 1. 2/2017 Geneva WHO "Rehabilitation 2030: a call for action": 2. Participation as a rehabilitation stakeholder Buenos Aires International Society of PRM: Keynote lecture 3. 5/2017 Cape Town Global Evidence Summit: 3 posters 9/2017 4. American Academy of Physiatry: DeLisa Lecture 5. 2/2018 Atlanta **European Society of PRM: Lecture** 6. 4/2018 Vilnius





Select, tailor, implement interventions

Cochrane Rehabilitation action

- -Adapt Cochrane material for rehabilitation professionals
- Improve Cochrane methods to make them relevant to rehabilitation

Product

- -All Committees as presented above
- -Translations
- -Representatives





Contributors

Cochrane Rehabilitation community

• 256 people from 54 countries

Specific tasks defined by Committees (calls)

- Review selection
- Surveys
- Translation of web-site and Newsletter
- Link with National Societies and Cochrane Centres
- Treasurer position









Partners

Partners

- 6 funding partners
- 3 partners in kind established
- 8 partners in kind to be established

Agreed big actions/tasks

- E-book
- National actions
- Methods
- Social media and comunication
- Rehabilitation Professionals







Monitor knowledge use & Evaluate outcomes

Cochrane Rehabilitation action

- Check presence of Cochrane Reviews in Rehabilitation Guidelines and journals
- -Development of meaningful outcomes for the actions started

Product

-Under development with Cochrane Central





Sustain knowledge use

Cochrane Rehabilitation action

-Support Evidence Based Clinical Practice in Rehabilitation

Product

- -Education Committee
 - courses









Education Committee

Workshops

- -General introdution: what is Cochrane and Cochrane Rehabilitation
- -Cochrane Rehabilitation results
- -Other EBM material
- Courses on EBM and Cochrane



Workshops & educational sessions

- 1.3/2017FrankfurtReha-Kolloquium 2017
- 2. 5/2017 Buenos Aires International Society of PRM
- 3. 9/2017 Cape Town Global Evidence Summit
- 4. 11/2017 Malta
- 5. 11/2017 Maastricht
- 6. 2/2018 Atlanta
 7. 4/2018 Vilnius
- 8. 7/2018 Paris

- Mediterranean Forum of PRM Baltic North Sea Forum of PRM American Academy Physiatry
- European Society of PRM
 - International Society of PRM













Take home messages







Thank you

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